§ 29.600

Subpart F—General Principles Relating to Suspension and Debarment Actions

§ 29.600 How do suspension and debarment actions start?

When we receive information from any source concerning a cause for suspension or debarment, we will promptly report and investigate it. We refer the question of whether to suspend or debar you to our suspending or debarring official for consideration, if appropriate.

§ 29.605 How does suspension differ from debarment?

Suspension differs from debarment in that—

A suspending official . . . A debarring official . . . (a) Imposes suspension as a Imposes debarment for a temporary status of ineligi-bility for procurement and specified period as a final determination that a person nonprocurement transis not presently responactions, pending complesible. tion of an investigation or legal proceedings. (b) Must—(1) Have adequate evidence Must conclude, based on a preponderance of the evithat there may be a cause dence, that the person has for debarment of a person; engaged in conduct that and. warrants debarment. (2) Conclude that immediate action is necessary to protect the Federal interest. (c) Usually imposes the sus-Imposes debarment after giv-

pension first, and then

promptly notifies the sus-

pended person, giving the

contest the suspension and

person an opportunity to

have it lifted.

§29.610 What procedures does the Department of Transportation use in suspension and debarment actions?

ing the respondent notice

tunity to contest the pro-

posed debarment.

of the action and an oppor-

In deciding whether to suspend or debar you, we handle the actions as informally as practicable, consistent with principles of fundamental fairness.

- (a) For suspension actions, we use the procedures in this subpart and subpart G of this part.
- (b) For debarment actions, we use the procedures in this subpart and subpart H of this part.

§ 29.615 How does the Department of Transportation notify a person of a suspension or debarment action?

- (a) The suspending or debarring official sends a written notice to the last known street address, facsimile number, or e-mail address of—
 - (1) You or your identified counsel; or
- (2) Your agent for service of process, or any of your partners, officers, directors, owners, or joint venturers.
- (b) The notice is effective if sent to any of these persons.

§ 29.620 Do Federal agencies coordinate suspension and debarment actions?

Yes, when more than one Federal agency has an interest in a suspension or debarment, the agencies may consider designating one agency as the lead agency for making the decision. Agencies are encouraged to establish methods and procedures for coordinating their suspension and debarment actions.

§ 29.625 What is the scope of a suspension or debarment?

If you are suspended or debarred, the suspension or debarment is effective as follows:

- (a) Your suspension or debarment constitutes suspension or debarment of all of your divisions and other organizational elements from all covered transactions, unless the suspension or debarment decision is limited—
- (1) By its terms to one or more specifically identified individuals, divisions, or other organizational elements; or
 - (2) To specific types of transactions.
- (b) Any affiliate of a participant may be included in a suspension or debarment action if the suspending or debarring official—
- (1) Officially names the affiliate in the notice; and
- (2) Gives the affiliate an opportunity to contest the action.

§ 29.630 May the Department of Transportation impute conduct of one person to another?

For purposes of actions taken under this rule, we may impute conduct as follows: